

Welcome Back

Honors Algebra 2



Syllabus

Remind

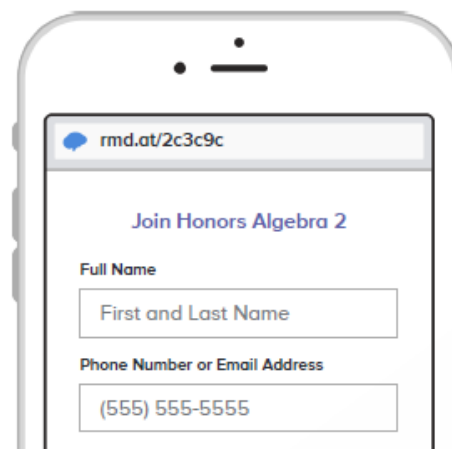
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- A** If you have a smartphone, get push notifications.

On your iPhone or Android phone, open your web browser and go to the following link:

rmd.at/2c3c9c

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Notebook setup

Linear Review 8/8

input \rightarrow output

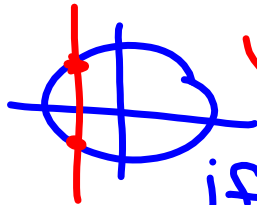
Linears
Slope
+ | -
 $y = mx + b$

 Functions

x-int
y-int



x can NOT
be repeated



Vertical line
test

if a vert. line goes
through the graph more
than once = NOT a function

Linear Equations

Linear equations
are functions because:

* PASSES the vertical line test

* x is not repeated in the table of values



<u>x</u>	<u>y</u>
-1	5
0	7
1	9
2	11

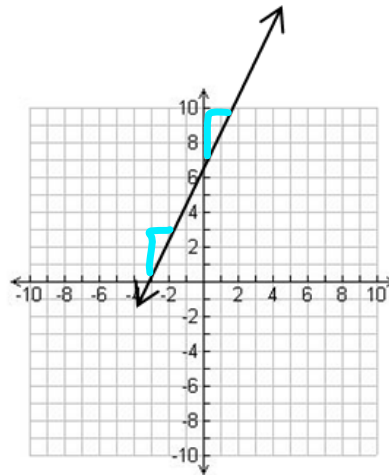
+1 <
+1 <
+1 <

> +2
> +2
> +2

$$m = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$

The slope has a

constant rate
of change

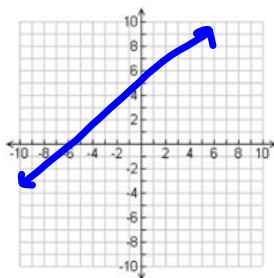


The slope is constant

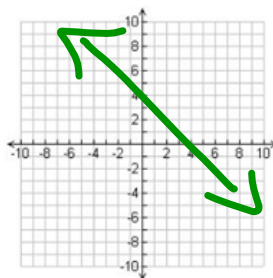
no matter where you

look on the graph.

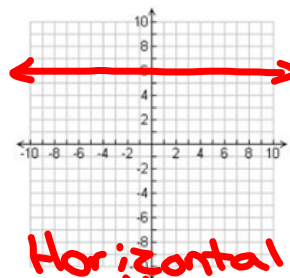
$$\text{Slope (m)} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$



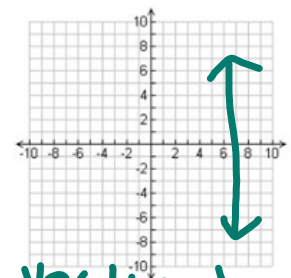
positive
slope



negative
slope



Horizontal
line
 $y = \#$
Slope = 0



Vertical
line
 $x = \#$
Slope =
undefined

Standard form $ax + by = c$

* a must be positive

* no fractions or decimals

* divide out common factors $(10x + 2y = 12) \div 2$
 $5x + y = 6$

Point-Slope form $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$


* plug in one point & the slope

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

Slope intercept form $y = mx + b$

$m = \text{slope}$ $b = \text{y-intercept}$

x-intercept where the graph crosses the x-axis.

 to find: plug zero in for y

y-intercept where the graph crosses the y-axis

to find: plug zero in for x

What methods can we use to graph a linear eq.?

1. $y = mx + b$
2. Calculator
3. From a t-chart $\begin{matrix} x & y \\ | & | \\ \hline & \end{matrix}$
4. x & y-intercepts

To find the equation of a line given two points:

(3, 4) (5, -1)

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 4}{5 - 3} = -\frac{5}{2}$$

find the slope

$$m = -\frac{5}{2}$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 4 = -\frac{5}{2}(x - 3)$$

- Plug into point-slope

- distribute

$$y - 4 = -\frac{5}{2}x + \frac{15}{2}$$

- get y by itself

$$y = -\frac{5}{2}x + \frac{23}{2}$$

Slope-intercept form

$$+\frac{5}{2}x \quad +\frac{5}{2}x$$

$$\left(\frac{5}{2}x + y = \frac{23}{2}\right) \cdot \frac{2}{1}$$

to put in standard form:

Move "x" over to "y"

to get rid of fractions, multiply everything by the common denominator

$$5x + 2y = 23$$

Standard form

Parallel Lines = Same Slope

Perpendicular lines = Opposite Reciprocal Slopes

$(-2,5)$ $(6,8)$

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line described.

$$y = mx + b$$

through: $(-3, 4)$, parallel to $y = -\frac{4}{3}x - 2$

$$(-3, 4) \quad m = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 4 = -\frac{4}{3}(x - 3)$$

$$y - 4 = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{12}{3} + 4 \quad (-12/3) + 4$$

$$y = -\frac{4}{3}x + 0$$

$$y = -\frac{4}{3}x$$

$$x = 4$$



Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line described.

through: $(-3, 2)$, perp. to $x = 0$

